

Vem jobbar våra politiker egentligen för ?



Source: World Economic Forum

Vem jobbar våra politiker egentligen för ?

1. Vad är och vad gör familjeföretaget World Economic Forum ?
- 2. Kopplingen WEF agenda till UN Agenda 2030**
- 3. Svenska politikernas hyckleri kring WEF och andra Globalist organisationer**
- 4. Hur pågår implementeringen av *The Great Reset* nu i Sverige ?**

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4. Hur pågår implementeringen av *The Great Reset* nu i Sverige ?

Kopplingen WEF agenda till UN Agenda 2030

WEF – A Platform for Impact



Who we are

Board of Trustees and Managing Board

The Forum adheres to the highest governance standards. Its Board of Trustees – the Forum’s top governing body – consists of global leaders from government, business, civil society, the arts and academia.

The Forum’s Managing Board – the main operational body – also reflects the best experience from each of these sectors.

Our people

Our people are at the heart of the Forum’s ability to serve its communities and fulfil its mission.

The Forum’s Platforms are curated and supported by more than 800 highly qualified and motivated team members, coming from over 80 countries. We currently have offices in Geneva, New York, San Francisco, Tokyo, Beijing and Mumbai.

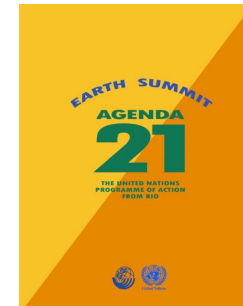


Kopplingen WEF agenda till UN Agenda 2030

Bakgrunden till Agenda 2030

- 1992** In June 1992, at the Earth Summit in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, more than 178 countries adopted **Agenda 21**.
- 2000** Member States unanimously adopted the Millennium Declaration at the Millennium Summit in September 2000 at UN Headquarters in New York. The Summit led to the elaboration of eight **Millennium Development Goals (MDGs)** to reduce extreme poverty by 2015.
- 2002** The Johannesburg Declaration on Sustainable Development and the Plan of Implementation, adopted at the World Summit on Sustainable Development in South Africa in 2002.
- 2012** At the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development (Rio+20) in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, in June 2012, Member States adopted the outcome document "**The Future We Want**".
- 2013** In 2013, the General Assembly set up a **30-member Open Working Group** to develop a proposal on the SDGs.
- 2015** Transforming our world: **the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development** with its 17 SDGs was adopted at the UN Sustainable Development Summit in New York (September 2015).

Paris Agreement on Climate Change (December 2015)



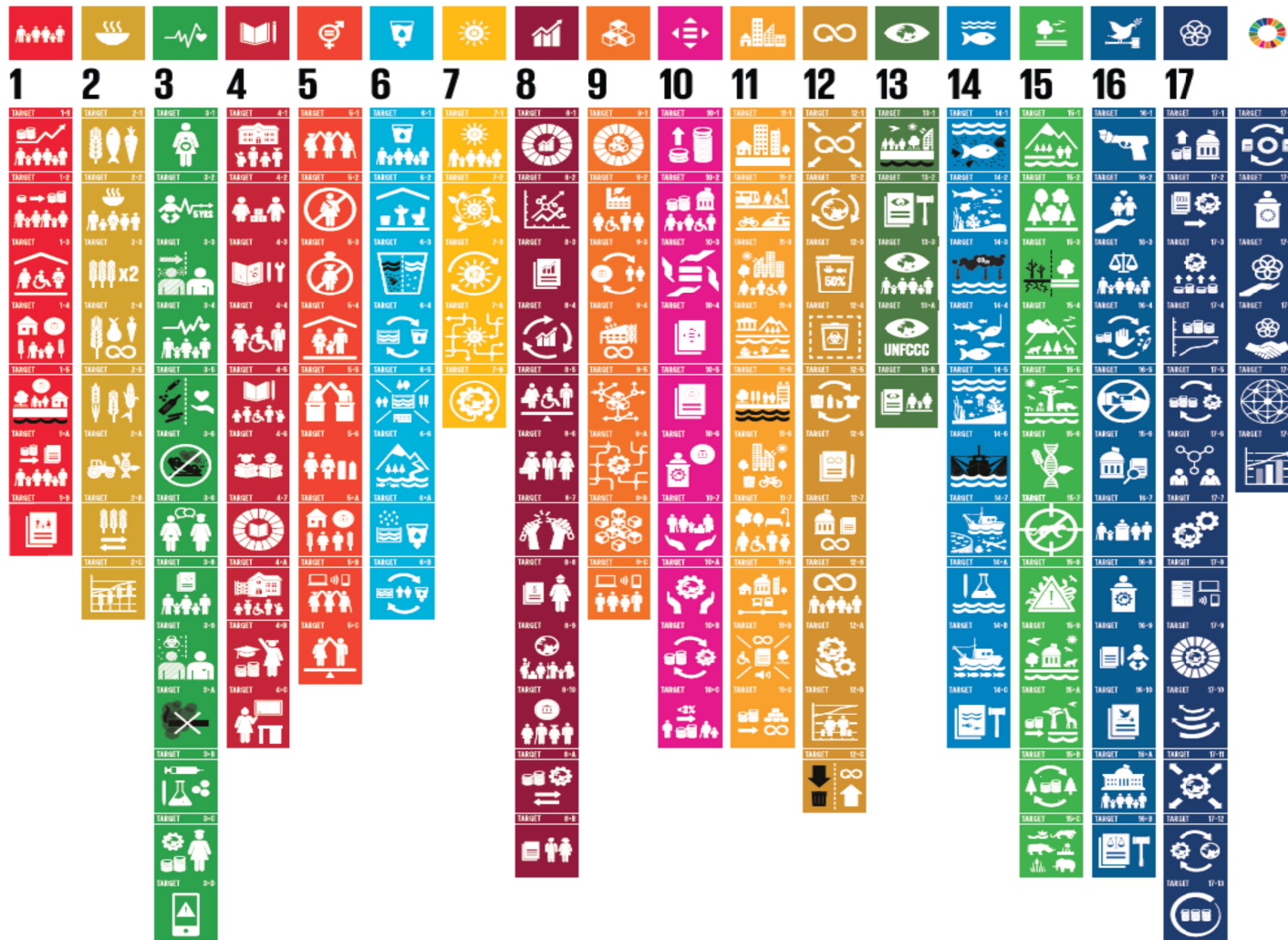
Kopplingen WEF agenda till UN Agenda 2030

Agenda 2030 – 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDG, NY 20150925-27)



Kopplingen WEF agenda till UN Agenda 2030

Agenda 2030 – 17 SDG och 169 Delmål



Kopplingen WEF agenda till UN Agenda 2030

Sveriges beslut att genomföra Agenda 2030



Regeringens proposition 2019/20:188

Sveriges genomförande av Agenda 2030



Prop.
2019/20:188

Regeringen överlämnar denna proposition till riksdagen.

Stockholm den 17 juni 2020

Stefan Löfven

Isabella Lövin
(Miljödepartementet)

Omröstning i sakfrågan

Utskottets förslag mot reservation 1 (M)

Parti	Ja	Nej	Avstående	Frånvarande
 S	16	0	0	84
 M	0	11	0	59
 SD	0	0	10	52
 C	0	0	5	26
 V	0	0	4	23
 KD	3	0	0	19
 L	0	0	3	16
 MP	3	0	0	13
-	0	0	0	2
Totalt	22	11	22	294

Propositionens huvudsakliga innehåll

I propositionen presenterar regeringen inriktningen för arbetet med att genomföra Agenda 2030 och de globala målen för hållbar utveckling. Som ett led i arbetet föreslår regeringen ett övergripande mål som förankrar och tydliggör Sveriges åtagande att genomföra Agenda 2030 för en hållbar utveckling i dess tre dimensioner – den ekonomiska, sociala och den miljömässiga – genom att föra en samstämmig politik nationellt och internationellt. Genomförandet av agendan ska präglas av agendans princip att ingen ska lämnas utanför.

Agendan sträcker sig till år 2030 men arbetet för hållbar utveckling bör präglas av långsiktighet och uthållighet även bortom detta år. Det mål som föreslås i propositionen ger förutsättningar för en sådan uthållighet. Propositionen understryker att agendan ska integreras i ordinarie processer. Arbetet med att genomföra redan beslutade riksdagsbundna mål är avgörande för genomförandet av agendan.

Det föreslagna målet bör följas upp och redovisas samlat till riksdagen i en särskild bilaga i budgetpropositionen minst en gång per mandatperiod. Denna redovisning bör ersätta den resultatredovisning som tidigare gjorts för Sveriges politik för global utveckling (PGU).

Av propositionen framgår att regeringen även bör vara aktiv i den internationella uppföljningen bl.a. genom att delta i den frivilliga nationella granskningen vid FN:s politiska högnivåforum för hållbar utveckling en gång under varje mandatperiod. Behovet av samverkan inom EU och internationellt betonas. Propositionen framhåller slutligen vikten av samordning och samverkan med aktörer i hela samhället.

20201217 – **22 personer** i Sveriges Riksdag beslutade om genomförandet

Kopplingen WEF agenda till UN Agenda 2030

Agenda 2030 – SDG 16.6

20220322

Mål 16 | Fredliga och inkluderande samhällen



Illustration: FN / Regeringskansliet

Fredliga och inkluderande samhällen

Främja fredliga och inkluderande samhällen för hållbar utveckling, se till att alla har tillgång till rättvisa samt bygga upp effektiva och ansvarsskyldiga och inkluderande institutioner på alla nivåer.

Bygga upp effektiva och transparenta institutioner med ansvarskrävande på alla nivåer.

> Mål 16 | Fredliga och inkluderande samhällen

Mål 16 | Fredliga och inkluderande samhällen



Agenda 2030 och de globala målen för hållbar utveckling. Mål 16 av 17; fredliga samhällen.
Illustration: FN / Regeringskansliet

Främja fredliga och inkluderande samhällen för hållbar utveckling, se till att alla har tillgång till rättvisa samt bygga upp effektiva och ansvarsskyldiga och inkluderande institutioner på alla nivåer.

Delmål 16.6 | Bygga upp effektiva och transparenta institutioner med ansvarskrävande på alla nivåer.


Bygga upp effektiva och transparenta institutioner med ansvarskrävande på alla nivåer.

Del

Del

20220814

Mål 16 | Fredliga och inkluderande samhällen



Agenda 2030 och de globala målen för hållbar utveckling. Mål 16 av 17; fredliga och inkluderande samhällen.
Illustration: FN / Regeringskansliet

Främja fredliga och inkluderande samhällen för hållbar utveckling, tillhandahålla tillgång till rättvisa för alla samt bygga upp effektiva och inkluderande institutioner med ansvarskrävande på alla nivåer

Fredliga samhällen och frihet från våld utgör både ett mål och ett medel för hållbar utveckling. Inga varaktiga framsteg kan nås i en kontext präglad av våld, konflikt och hot om våld. En väl fungerande

- Mål 16
- Delmål 16.1
- Delmål 16.2
- Delmål 16.3
- Delmål 16.4
- Delmål 16.5
- Delmål 16.6
- Delmål 16.7
- Delmål 16.8
- Delmål 16.9
- Delmål 16.10
- Delmål 16.A
- Delmål 16.B

20220814 – Varför har formuleringen för delmål 16.6 valat runt ?

Kopplingen WEF agenda till UN Agenda 2030

Agenda 2030 – SDG 16.6



Delmål 16.6 – Bygg effektiva, tillförlitliga och transparenta institutioner [redovisas ej]

Bygga upp effektiva och transparenta institutioner med ansvarsutkrävande på alla nivåer.

Indikator 16.6.1 - Primära offentliga utgifter som andel av den ursprungligen godkända statsbudgeten

Denna indikator redovisas i kommande publiceringar.

Indikator 16.6.2 - Andel av befolkningen som är nöjd med sin senaste erfarenhet av offentlig verksamhet

Denna indikator redovisas i kommande publiceringar.

Kopplingen WEF agenda till UN Agenda 2030

Agenda 2030 – SGD 16.6

Mål 16 | Fredliga och inkluderande samhällen



Främja fredliga och inkluderande samhällen för hållbar utveckling, tillhandahålla tillgång till rättvisa för alla samt bygga upp effektiva och inkluderande institutioner med ansvarsutkrävande på alla nivåer

Fredliga samhällen och frihet från våld utgör både ett mål och ett medel för hållbar utveckling. Inga varaktiga framsteg kan nås i en kontext präglad av våld, konflikt och hot om våld. En väl fungerande

Mål 16

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Delmål 16.8

Delmål 16.9

Delmål 16.10

Delmål 16.A

Delmål 16.B

Varför är detta delmål kontroversiellt ?

Svaret är att införandet av ”ansvarsutkrävande på alla nivåer” kommer att medföra Institutions- och Tjänstemannaansvar,

dvs. **Konstitutionsdomstol och återinförande av tjänstemannaansvaret.**

Kopplingen WEF agenda till UN Agenda 2030

Samarbetsavtalet UN och WEF



20190613 - UN och WEF sluter samarbetsavtal kring Agenda2030

Kopplingen WEF agenda till UN Agenda 2030

The Announcement of the Great Reset

20200603

The announcement of the Great Reset was made by

HRH The Prince of Wales and

Professor Schwab during a virtual meeting, followed by statements by

UN Secretary-General
António Guterres,

IMF (International Monetary Fund)
Managing Director **Kristalina Georgieva**
and

ITUC (International Trade Union
Confederation)
General Secretary **Sharon Burrow.**

20200713

Klaus Schwab launch his
book **COVID-19: The Great
Reset**

COVID-19

'A golden opportunity' - HRH the Prince of Wales and other leaders on the Forum's Great Reset



“We are **at a crossroads**,” the authors of COVID-19: The Great Reset argue. “One path will take us to a better world: more inclusive, more equitable and more respectful of Mother Nature.

The other will take us to a world that resembles the one we just left behind – but worse and constantly **dogged by nasty surprises**. We must therefore get it right.” /Klaus Schwab

Kopplingen WEF agenda till UN Agenda 2030

Samarbetsavtalet UN och WEF



COVID-19: "We are at war with a virus"-
UN Secretary-General



20200910 - FN's Generalsekreterare Antonio Guterres presenterar rapporten *The Future We Want* inför FN Toppmöte och 75år-jubileet 20200921 och 20201026.

Kopplingen WEF agenda till UN Agenda 2030

Samarbetsavtalet UN- WEF skapar OUR COMMON AGENDA

The United Nations - World Economic Forum Strategic Partnership Framework for the 2030 Agenda

The United Nations and the World Economic Forum are committed to **accelerate implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development**; the world's plan for peace, prosperity, and a healthy planet.

Recognising the ambition of the 2030 Agenda, the United Nations and the World Economic Forum seek to strengthen their partnership by focusing on jointly selected priorities and by pursuing a more strategic and coordinated collaboration, by leveraging their respective strengths and broadening their combined impact, building on existing and new collaborations by UN entities.

The partnership envisions for the United Nations (hereinafter "UN") and the World Economic Forum (hereinafter "Forum") to help each other increase their outreach, to share networks, communities, knowledge and expertise, to foster opportunities for innovation, and to encourage a wide understanding of and support for priority issues among their relevant stakeholders.

This strategic partnership framework seeks to ensure the consultation, exchange of information and coordination required for effective collaboration. Working together with the agility needed for rapidly changing contexts and requirements, adapting to technology-driven trends, other frontier issues and increasing complexities, as well as harnessing the opportunities presented by multi-stakeholder engagement is critical to accelerating the implementation of the Sustainable Development Goals, addressing inequalities within and among countries, and leaving no one behind.

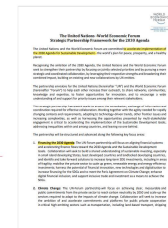
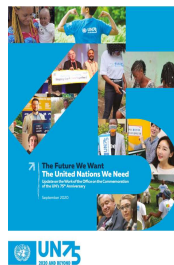
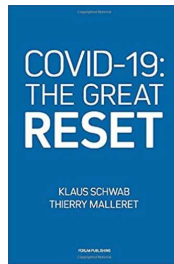
The partnership will be structured and advanced along the following key focus areas:

- 1. Financing the 2030 Agenda:** The UN-Forum partnership will focus on aligning financial systems and accelerating finance flows toward the 2030 Agenda and the Sustainable Development Goals. Collaboration will seek to build a shared understanding of sustainable investing, especially in small island developing States, least developed countries and landlocked developing countries, and identify and take forward solutions to increase long-term SDG investments, including in areas of fragility; mobilise the private sector to scale up green, renewable energy and energy efficiency investments; harness the potential of financial innovation, new technologies and digitalisation to increase financing for the SDGs and to meet the Paris Agreement on Climate Change; enhance digital financial inclusion; and support inclusive trade and investment as a means to achieve the SDGs.
- 2. Climate Change:** The UN-Forum partnership will focus on achieving clear, measurable and public commitments from the private sector to reach carbon neutrality by 2050 and scale-up the services required to adapt to the impacts of climate change. Collaboration will seek to increase the ambition of and accelerate commitments and platforms for public-private cooperation in critical high-emitting sectors such as transportation, including land-based transport, shipping



Kopplingen WEF agenda till UN Agenda 2030

OUR COMMON AGENDA växer fram



Kopplingen WEF agenda till UN Agenda 2030

OUR COMMON AGENDA – Ett "Implementeringsprojekt" för AGENDA 2030



Kopplingen WEF agenda till UN Agenda 2030

OUR COMMON GOALS – Key Proposals

”All proposed actions are in line with and designed to accelerate the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals.”

KEY PROPOSALS ACROSS THE 12 COMMITMENTS

From the declaration on the commemoration of the seventy-fifth anniversary of the United Nations

All proposed actions are in line with and designed to accelerate the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals.

1. Leave no one behind

- Renewed social contract anchored in human rights
- New era for universal social protection, including health care and basic income security, reaching the 4 billion unprotected
- Reinforce adequate housing, education and lifelong learning and decent work
- Digital inclusivity
- World Social Summit in 2025
- Identify complementary measures to GDP

2. Protect our planet

- Leaders meeting ahead of the global stocktaking in 2023
- Commit to the 1.5-degree Celsius goal and net zero emissions by 2050 or sooner
- Declarations of climate emergency and right to a healthy environment
- Package of support to developing countries
- Measures for adaptation and resilience
- No new coal after 2021 and phasing out fossil fuel subsidies
- Account for the environment in economic models, carbon pricing mechanisms and credible commitments by financial actors
- Post-2020 biodiversity framework
- Transforming food systems for sustainability, nutrition and fairness
- Action by the General Assembly on territorial threats of climate change and to prevent, protect and resolve situations of environmental displacement

3. Promote peace and prevent conflicts

- New agenda for peace to:
 - Reduce strategic risks (nuclear weapons, cyberwarfare, autonomous weapons)
 - Strengthen international foresight
 - Reshape responses to all forms of violence
 - Invest in prevention and peacebuilding, including Peacebuilding Fund and Peacebuilding Commission
 - Support regional prevention
 - Put women and girls at the centre of security policy
- Peaceful, secure and sustainable use of outer space, including through a multi-stakeholder dialogue on outer space

4. Abide by international law and ensure justice

- Human rights as a problem-solving measure, including by comprehensive anti-discrimination laws and promoting participation
- Application of human rights online and to frontier issues and new technologies
- Universal access to the Internet as a human right
- Human rights mechanisms on a more sustainable financial footing
- Legal identity for all, end to statelessness and protection of internally displaced persons, refugees and migrants
- New vision for the rule of law
- Global road map for the development and effective implementation of international law

5. Place women and girls at the centre

- Repeal of gender-discriminatory laws
- Promote gender parity, including through quotas and special measures
- Facilitate women's economic inclusion, including investment in the care economy and support for women entrepreneurs
- Include voices of younger women
- Eradication of violence against women and girls, including through an emergency response plan

6. Build trust

- Global code of conduct that promotes integrity in public information
- Improve people's experiences with public institutions and basic services
- Inclusive national listening and "envisioning the future" exercises
- Action to tackle corruption in line with the United Nations Convention against Corruption
- Reformed international tax system
- Joint structure on financial integrity and tackling illicit financial flows

7. Improve digital cooperation

- Global Digital Compact to:
 - Connect all people to the Internet, including all schools
 - Avoid Internet fragmentation
 - Protect data
 - Apply human rights online
 - Introduce accountability criteria for discrimination and misleading content
 - Promote regulation of artificial intelligence
 - Digital commons as a global public good

8. Upgrade the United Nations

- High-level Advisory Board led by former Heads of State and Government on improved governance of global public goods
- System-wide policy that puts people at the centre, taking into account age, gender and diversity
- More listening, participation and consultation (including digitally), building on the seventy-fifth anniversary declaration and Our Common Agenda
- Gender parity within the United Nations system by 2028
- Re-establish the Secretary-General's Scientific Advisory Board
- "Quintet of change" for United Nations 2.0, including innovation, data, strategic foresight, results orientation and behavioural science

9. Ensure sustainable financing

- Biennial Summit between the Group of 20, the Economic and Social Council, the Secretary-General and the heads of international financial institutions for a sustainable, inclusive and resilient global economy including to:
 - Support a Sustainable Development Goal investment boost, including through a last-mile alliance to reach those furthest behind
 - Provide more flexible research and development incentives
 - Resolve weaknesses in the debt architecture
- Fairer and more resilient multilateral trading system, including a reinvigorated WTO
- New business models
- Improve the United Nations budget process

10. Boost partnerships

- Annual meetings between the United Nations and all heads of regional organizations
- Stronger engagement between the United Nations system, international financial institutions and regional development banks
- More systematic engagement with parliaments, subnational authorities and the private sector
- Civil society focal points in all United Nations entities
- United Nations Office for Partnerships to consolidate access and inclusion, including accessibility online

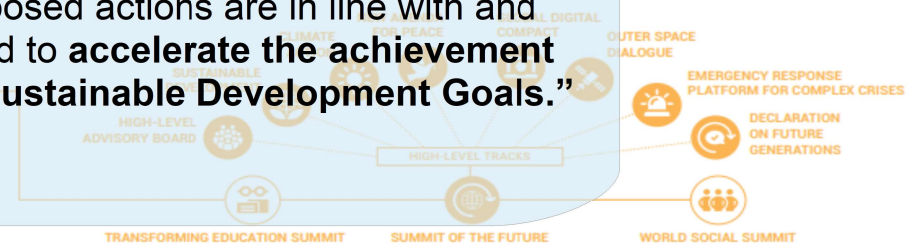
11. Listen to and work with youth

- Youth
 - Remove barriers to political participation and measure progress through a "youth in politics" index
 - United Nations Youth Office
 - Transforming Education Summit in 2022
 - Recovery barometer to track career paths and labour market outcomes for youth
 - High-ambition coalition to promote green and digital-economy job creation
- Future generations
 - Summit of the Future in 2023
 - Ensure long-term thinking, including through a United Nations Futures Lab
- Represent succeeding generations, including through a repurposed Trusteeship Council, a Declaration on Future Generations, and a United Nations Special Envoy for Future Generations

12. Be prepared

- Emergency Platform to be convened in response to complex global crises
- Strategic Foresight and Global Risk Report by the United Nations every five years
- On global public health:
 - Global vaccination plan
 - Empowered WHO
 - Stronger global health security and preparedness
 - Accelerate product development and access to health technologies in low- and middle-income countries
 - Universal health coverage and addressing determinants of health

PROPOSED KEY MOMENTS



Kopplingen WEF agenda till UN Agenda 2030

OUR COMMON GOALS – Key Proposals

KEY PROPOSALS ACROSS THE 12 COMMITMENTS

From the declaration on the commemoration of the seventy-fifth anniversary of the United Nations

All proposed actions are in-line with and designed to accelerate the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals.

- 1. Leave no one behind**
 - Revised social contract excluded to ensure rights
 - New law for universal digital protection, security, privacy, and data ownership
 - Reinforce adequate housing, education and lifelong learning and decent work
 - Digital inclusivity
 - World Social Summit in 2025
 - Identify communities vulnerable to SDG
- 2. Protect our planet**
 - Leaders meeting ahead of the global stocktake in 2023
 - Commit to the 1.5-degree Celsius goal and net-zero emissions by 2050 or earlier
 - Declaration of climate emergency and right to healthy environment
 - Package of support to developing countries
 - Measures for adaptation and resilience
 - New law after 2021 and phasing out fossil fuel subsidies
 - Account for the environment in economic, public and private decision-making and credible pricing mechanisms and credible commitments for financial actors
 - Post-2020 biodiversity framework
 - Transforming food systems for sustainability, nutrition and fairness
 - Action by the General Assembly on terrestrial threats of climate change and prevent, control and reduce the risks of environmental displacement
- 3. Promote peace and prevent conflicts**
 - New agenda for peace
 - Reduce strategic risks (nuclear weapons, cyberattacks, autonomous weapons)
 - Strengthen international law and dispute resolution
 - Reinforce responses to all forms of violence
 - Invest in prevention and peacebuilding, including Peacebuilding Fund and Peacebuilding Commission
 - Support regional prevention
 - Put women and girls at the centre of security policy
- 4. Uphold international law and ensure justice**
 - Human rights as a problem-solving measure, including by comprehensive and meaningful participation
 - Application of human rights norms and to human issues and new technologies
 - Universal access to the Internet as a human right
 - Human rights mechanisms on a more sustainable financial footing
 - Legal identity for all, end to transnational criminal financing of irregularly displaced persons, refugees and migrants
 - New vision for the rule of law
 - Global road map for the development and effective implementation of international law
- 5. Place women and girls at the centre**
 - Repeal of gender discriminatory laws
 - Promote gender parity, including through quotas and special measures (admission reserved)
 - Facilitate women's economic inclusion, including investment in the care economy and support for women entrepreneurs
 - Include voices of younger women
 - Education of women against women and girls, including through an emergency response mechanism

PROPOSED KEY ELEMENTS



- 7. Improve digital cooperation**
 - Global Digital Compact to:
 - Connect all people to the Internet, including off-grid
 - Accelerate digital transformation
 - Protect data
 - Apply human rights online
 - Introduce accountability criteria for discrimination and misleading content
 - Promote regulation of artificial intelligence
 - Digital commons as a global public good
- 8. Upgrade the United Nations**
 - High Level Advisory Board led by former heads of State and Government on improved governance of global public goods
 - System-wide policy that puts people at the centre, taking into account age, gender and diversity
 - More inclusive participation and consultation (including digitally) building on the Secretary-General's anniversary declaration and Our Common Agenda
 - Gender parity within the United Nations system by 2026
 - Re-establish the Secretary-General's Security Advisory Board
 - Quarter of change for United Nations U.N. initiatives, projects, etc.
 - Global Hub for Partnerships to operationalise the Declaration and addressing accessibility online
- 9. Ensure sustainable financing**
 - Financial Summit between the Group of 20, the Secretary-General and the heads of international financial institutions for a sustainable, inclusive and resilient global recovery including to:
 - Support a Sustainable Development Goal Investment Bank, including through a last-mile alliance to reach those further behind
 - Provide more flexible research and disaster financing
 - Reinforce mechanisms in the debt dialogue
 - Expand the multilateral institutional lending system, including a common infrastructure IDI
 - New business models
 - Improve the United Nations budget process
- 10. Boost partnerships**
 - Annual meetings between the United Nations and all heads of regional organisations (including digitally) building on the Secretary-General's anniversary declaration and Our Common Agenda
 - Gender parity within the United Nations system by 2026
 - More systematic engagement with governments, subnational authorities and the private sector
 - Cloud Hub for Partnerships in all United Nations initiatives, projects, etc.
 - Global Hub for Partnerships to operationalise the Declaration and addressing accessibility online
- 11. Listen to and work with youth**
 - Reinforce barriers to political participation and increase progress through a "youth and people's table"
 - United Nations Youth Office
 - Youthful Digital Summit in 2022
 - Support a Sustainable Development Goal Investment Bank, including through a last-mile alliance to reach those further behind
 - Provide more flexible research and disaster financing
 - Reinforce mechanisms in the debt dialogue
 - Expand the multilateral institutional lending system, including a common infrastructure IDI
 - New business models
 - Improve the United Nations budget process
- 12. Be prepared**
 - Emergency Resilience to be governed in response to multiple global crises
 - Strategic Foresight and Global Risk Report to the United Nations every five years
 - Global public health
 - Global vaccination plan
 - Emergency WHO
 - Strengthen global health security and preparedness
 - Accelerate product development and access to health technologies in low- and middle-income countries and addressing determinants of health



I dessa 80 actions inom 12 områden kan bl.a. nämnas:

- Socialt Contract
- Klimatåtgärder 1.5% målet (Paris-avtalet)
- Reformerat matsystem
- Mänskliga rättighet till Internet
- Nya regler för Internet
- Nya Världslagrar
- Globalt Skattesystem
- Nya globala WHO regler (WHO Treaty + Global Digital Passport)
- Ny Global Vaccinationsplan (500 vacciner, Immuniseringsagenda)
- m.m.

Kopplingen WEF agenda till UN Agenda 2030

Agenda 2030 – Our Common Agenda - HLAB



We must commit to a renewed focus on international cooperation and global governance that can better deliver for future generations and ensure peace and prosperity for all.

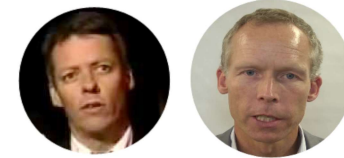
Stefan Löfven

Co-Chair



— We are grateful to the following

Donors and supporters



Our objectives are to:

1. To advise Member States on those issues of key global concern where governance improvements are most needed;
2. To propose options for how governance improvements could be achieved, taking into account existing institutional and legal arrangements, gaps and emerging priorities or levels of urgency, as well as relevant deliberations under the other tracks leading to the Summit of the Future;
3. To seek equity and fairness in global decision-making, as well as approaches that are more networked, more inclusive and, above all, more effective;
4. Through their networks, to engage other stakeholders in this critical conversation;
5. To issue findings in time for the proposed Summit of the Future during high-level week of the seventy-eighth session of the United Nations General Assembly.

Kopplingen WEF agenda till UN Agenda 2030

Agenda 2030 – Slutord



Reflektion:

Agenda2030 är en global process av monumental omfattning, som med täckmanteln **klimatkris** och **global hälsa**, syftar till att införa total kontroll av världsekonomin, total teknokratisk kontroll över alla jordens invånare och ge en globalistelit total **MAKT**.

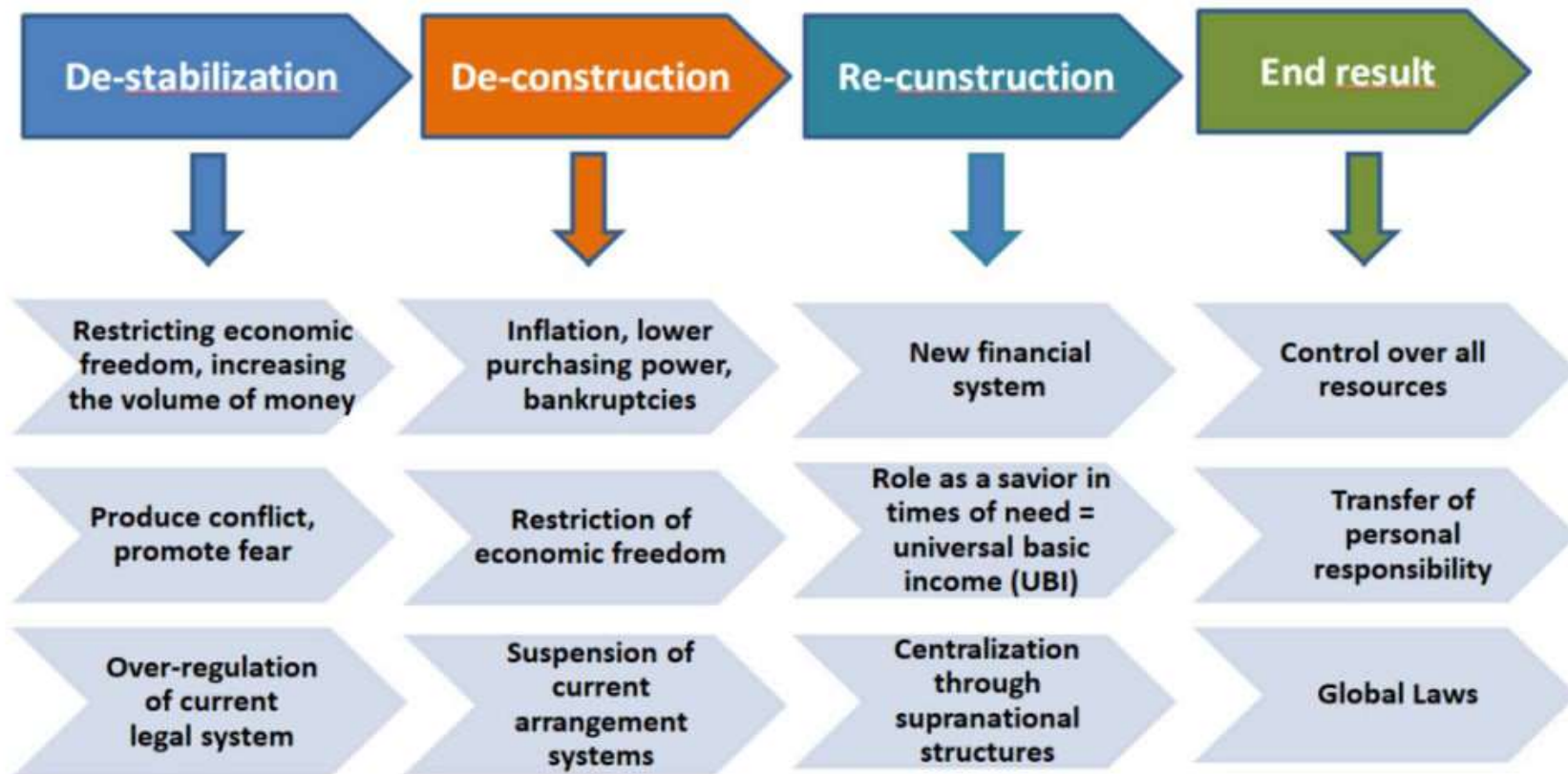
”vägen till helvetet kantas av goda ambitioner”

Kopplingen WEF agenda till UN Agenda 2030

The Great Reset pågår

Enlightenment over the IBC & WEF Agenda

Control over everything - finances, perception and arrangement, etc.



Vem jobbar våra politiker egentligen för ?

1. Vad är och vad gör familjeföretaget World Economic Forum ?
2. Kopplingen WEF agenda till UN Agenda 2030
- 3. Svenska politikers hyckleri kring WEF och andra Globalist organisationer**
4. Hur pågår implementeringen av *The Great Reset* nu i Sverige ?

Svenska politikers hyckleri kring WEF och andra Globalist organisationer

WEF – En Globalistorganisation bland många



BILDERBERG MEETINGS

COUNCIL *on.*
FOREIGN
RELATIONS

WORLD
ECONOMIC
FORUM

COMMITTED TO
IMPROVING THE STATE
OF THE WORLD



Carl Bildt, (Co-chair),
WHO Special Envoy for
the Access to COVID-19
Tools Accelerator

Svenska politikers hyckleri kring WEF och andra Globalist organisationer

Svenska politikers deltagande i Bilderberggruppens möten

BILDERBERG MEETINGS

Ett axplock över våra svenska politikers deltagande i Bilderberggruppens möten

2019	Ulf Kristersson, Leader for the Conservative Party 2017- Johan Rockström, Potsdam Institute for Climate Impact Research	
2017	Annie Lööf (C), Leader of the Centre Party 2011–	
2016	Magdalena Andersson (S), Minister of Finance, Prime Minister 2021-	
2014	Carl Bildt (M), Prime Minister 1991–1994, Minister of Foreign Affairs 2006–2014	
2013	Carl Bildt (M), Prime Minister 1991–1994, Minister of Foreign Affairs 2006–2014 Anders Borg (M), Minister of Finance 2006–2014 Stefan Löfven (S), Prime Minister 2014–2021	
2009	Carl Bildt (M), Prime Minister 1991–1994, Minister of Foreign Affairs 2006–2014	
2008	Carl Bildt (M), Prime Minister 1991–1994, Minister of Foreign Affairs 2006–2014 Maud Olofsson (C), Minister of Industry 2006–2011	
2007	Anders Borg (M), Minister of Finance 2006–2014	
2006	Carl Bildt (M), Prime Minister 1991–1994, Minister of Foreign Affairs 2006–2014 Fredrik Reinfeldt (M), Prime Minister 2006–2014	1988 Anders Thunborg (S) Staffan Burenstam Linder (M)
1996	Mona Sahlin (S), Head of the Swedish Social Democratic Party 2007–2011	1985 Mats Hellström (S)
1978	Thorbjörn Fälldin (C), Prime Minister 1976–1978	1973 Olof Palme (S)
1965	Olof Palme (S), Minister of Communication 1965-1967	Anders Thunborg (S) 1971 Ingemund Bengtson (S) 1969 Kjell Olof Feldt (S) 1967 Yngve Holmberg (M)

Svenska politikers hyckleri kring WEF och andra Globalist organisationer

Carl Bildt – En svensk version av *"Mr Global"*



THE TRILATERAL COMMISSION

BILDERBERG MEETINGS

COUNCIL *on*
FOREIGN
RELATIONS



CLUB
DE
MADRID

WORLD
ECONOMIC
FORUM

COMMITTED TO
IMPROVING THE STATE
OF THE WORLD



World Health
Organization

Carl Bildt, (Co-chair),
WHO Special Envoy for
the Access to COVID-19
Tools Accelerator

Svenska politikers hyckleri kring WEF och andra Globalist organisationer

Bilderberggruppen – Vad diskuterade Stefan Löfven ?

BILDERBERG MEETINGS

6-9 JUNE 2013 HERTFORDSHIRE, ENGLAND

1. Jobs, Entitlements and Debt
2. European Politics: Core Questions
3. Can the US and Europe Grow Faster and Create Jobs?
4. Africa's Challenges
5. Saudi Arabia
6. Dialogue with Prime Minister David Cameron
- 7. How Big Data is Changing Almost Everything**
8. Major Trends in Medical Research
- 9. Nationalism and Populism**
10. Online Education: Promise and Impacts
11. Cyberwarfare and the Proliferation of Asymmetric Threats
12. Is America Withdrawing from the World?
13. Current Affairs: Syria



Stefan Löfven
Statsminister 2014–2021

29 MAY-1 JUNE 2014 COPENHAGEN, DENMARK

1. Is the Economic Recovery Sustainable?
- 2. Who will Pay for the Demographics?**
- 3. Does Privacy Exist?**
4. How Special is the Relationship in Intelligence Sharing?
5. Big Shifts in Technology and Jobs
- 6. The Future of Democracy and the Middle Class Trap**
7. China's Political and Economic Outlook
8. The New Architecture of the Middle East
9. Ukraine
10. What Next for Europe?
11. Current Events

Svenska politikers hyckleri kring WEF och andra Globalist organisationer

Bilderberggruppen – Vad diskuterade Magdalena Andersson ?

BILDERBERG MEETINGS

9 - 12 June 2016 IN DRESDEN, GERMANY

1. Current events
2. China
3. **Europe: migration, growth, reform, vision, unity**
4. Middle East
5. Russia
6. US political landscape, economy: growth, debt, reform
7. Cyber security
8. Geo-politics of energy and commodity prices
9. Precariat and middle class
10. Technological innovation



Magdalena Andersson
Statsminister 2021-11-30 -
Finansminister 2014-2021



Chairman Internationella monetära
och finansiella kommittén (IMFC)
(20210118 - 20211231)



**20210221–Vilket G20-möte var
Magdalena Andersson på ?**
(Ref.Regeringen.se)

Svenska politikers hyckleri kring WEF och andra Globalist organisationer

Bilderberggruppen – Vad diskuterade Lena Hallengren och med vem?

BILDERBERG MEETINGS

2 - 5 June 2022 IN WASHINGTON, D.C., USA
(119 Participants)

1. Geopolitical Realignments
2. **NATO Challenges**
3. China
4. Indo-Pacific Realignment
5. Sino-US Tech Competition
6. Russia
7. Continuity of Government and the Economy
8. **Disruption of the Global Financial System**
9. **Disinformation**
10. **Energy Security and Sustainability**
11. **Post Pandemic Health**
12. **Fragmentation of Democratic Societies**
13. **Trade and Deglobalisation**
14. Ukraine



Lena Hallengren
Socialminister 2014 -



Barroso, José Manuel
(PRT), Chairman,
Goldman Sachs
International LLC



Bourla, Albert (USA),
Chairman and CEO,
Pfizer Inc.



Stoltenberg, Jens
(INT), Secretary
General, NATO



Reksten Skaugen,
Grace (NOR), Board
Member, Investor
AB



Rutte, Mark
(NLD), Prime
Minister



Burns, William J.
(USA), Director,
CIA

Svenska politikers hyckleri kring WEF och andra Globalist organisationer

Sveriges EU Kommissionär beslutar om Vaccpass / EU Passport 2019



Cecilia Malmström
SVERIGES EU Kommissionär
2010-2019



201809
(WEF)

Insight Report

WORLD ECONOMIC FORUM
COMMITTED TO IMPROVING THE STATE OF THE WORLD

Identity in a Digital World
A new chapter in the social contract

September 2018

ROADMAP FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF ACTIONS BY THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION BASED ON THE COMMISSION COMMUNICATION AND THE COUNCIL RECOMMENDATION ON STRENGTHENING COOPERATION AGAINST VACCINE PREVENTABLE DISEASES

ACTIONS	TIMELINES AND DELIVERABLES				
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
<p>Examine the feasibility of developing a common vaccination card/passport for EU citizens (that takes into account potentially different national vaccination schedules and), that is compatible with electronic immunisation information systems and recognised for use across borders, without duplicating work at national level.</p> <p>CR 16 and CC*</p>		<p>Feasibility study for the development of a common EU vaccination card</p>			<p>Commission proposal for a common vaccination card/passport for EU citizens</p>
<p>Produce on a regular basis a Report on the State of Vaccine Confidence in the EU, to monitor attitudes to vaccination. Based on that report and taking into account related work by WHO, present guidance that can support Member States in countering vaccine hesitancy.</p> <p>CR 17 and CC</p>		<p>State of Vaccine Confidence in the EU 2020 Follow up of the study published in October 2018 https://ec.europa.eu/health/sites/health/files/vaccination/docs/2018_vaccine_confidence_en.pdf</p>	<p>Guidance on countering vaccine hesitancy tailored to specific needs identified by the Member States and/or vaccine specific issues</p>		
		<p>Special Eurobarometer - Europeans' attitudes towards vaccination https://ec.europa.eu/commfrontoffice/publicopinion/index.cfm/survey/getsurveydetail/instruments/special/surveykv/2223</p>			

* Basis for action:
CR for Council Recommendation and the number of the Recommendation in the legal text. CC for Commission Communication

Svenska politikers hyckleri kring WEF och andra Globalist organisationer

Utbildningsminister Anna Ekström värnar hållbar kapitalism



- ▲ The North American Group
- ▲ The European Group
- ▲ The Asia Pacific Group



Task Force on Global Capitalism in Transition

*"to develop recommendations for a more **sustainable and inclusive capitalism**".*
/ June 2022 Carl Bildt

(= Stakeholder Capitalism)



Carl Bildt, (Co-chair),
WHO Special Envoy for
the Access to COVID-19
Tools Accelerator



Cecilia Malmström,
Non-Resident
Senior Fellow
at Peterson
Institute for
International
Economics



Jacob Wallenberg,
Chairman, Investor AB



Anna Ekström,
Minister for
Education in
Sweden



Claudia Olsson,
Founder and CEO,
Stellar Capacity,
Young Global
Leader World
Economic Forum

Svenska politikers hyckleri kring WEF och andra Globalist organisationer

Varför är dessa svenska statliga myndigheter/bolag knutna till WEF ?



Karl-Petter Thorwaldsson
Näringsminister



Anna Borg
President and
Chief Executive
Officer, Vattenfall



Morgan Johansson
Justitieminister



Myndigheten för
samhällsskydd
och beredskap



Matilda Ernkrans
Biståndsminister



Karin Lindblad
Adviser, Sida



Charlotta Petri Gornitzka
Generaldirektör

Vem jobbar våra politiker egentligen för ?

1. Vad är och vad gör familjeföretaget World Economic Forum ?
2. Kopplingen WEF agenda till UN Agenda 2030
3. Svenska politikernas hyckleri kring WEF och andra Globalist organisationer
4. Hur pågår implementeringen av *The Great Reset* nu i Sverige ?

Hur pågår implementeringen av *The Great Reset* nu i Sverige ?

Förutsättningar och konkreta implementeringar

- Sverige etta i världen på digital samhällsomvandling (Network Readiness Index 2019).
- Första svenska personnumret 1840, nuvarande system sedan 1947.
- Politikens & Myndigheternas inställning är att vi skall ligga först i världen
- Total avsaknad av riskbedömningar och konsekvensanalyser för personlig integritet etc.
- I Sverige sker det via de små stegens strategi och drivs huvudsaken via Internationella överstatliga organisationer (**FN**-Agenda 2030/ Our Common Agenda, **EU**, **BIS**, **WHO** och indirekt gällande ekonomin via beslut i **G20** etc.).
- I Sverige har **vi redan denna utveckling inom Financial Service** tex., via Swish (23 Miljoner /20210801), Bankid-användning (98,7 % har tillgång 21-50 år och totalt 4,8 miljarder trans. 2019), andel kontanter 9% / 2020, privatleasing av nybilsförsäljningen över 50% etc. **Swish & Bankid drivs av privata banker.**
- Covid 19 PLANdemins syfte att injicera jordens befolkning och Global Introduktionen av **vaccinationspasset** (=delmängd av WEF`s Digital Identity) i Sverige över 20 miljoner/kv1.2022
- **Riksbankens jobb i BIS** tillsammans med 5 st centralbanker, med att skapa och införa **CBDC** (Central Bank Digital Currency) World Wide med start 2023.
- Regeringens utredning via AKB och **Betalningsutredningen** – Statens Roll på Betalningsmarknaden (skall vara klar 2022), mycket tystnad, kontanterna kvar ???

Hur pågår implementeringen av *The Great Reset* nu i Sverige ?

Förutsättningar och konkreta implementeringar

- Sveriges stöd för **WHO Treaty** som skall ge WHO makten att deklarerera *a Public Health Emergency of Regional Concern*, och som också är en del i implementeringen av **Global Digital Passport and ID System** (=WEF`s Digital Identity, utvecklas via det kontrakterade Tysklandsbaserade Deutsche Telekomdotterbolag T-Systems. WHO säger att kommer att vara **universella, obligatoriska** och **transnationella** och skall börja introduceras 2024.
- DIGG myndighetens förslag i sin rapport kring **Digital Plånbok (= "personligt CV")**, vilket är grunden för ett införande av Social Credit System. Nya regeringsuppdrag inom området duggar tätt (I2022/01265 Pilot **EU:s Digitala Plånbok** och I2022/01335 **Statligt e-ID**).
- **KTDI** (Known Traveller Digital Identity = WEF Digital Identity). Med systemet som utvecklats av WEF`s projekt i NY (The Commons Project) skall WEF och anslutna länders myndigheter **få 100% kontroll över resandet** baserat på personlig biometrisk data, kopplat till hälsoinformation (Vaccpass) och framtida
- **Social Credit System kopplat till individuell CO2 score.**

Vem jobbar våra politiker egentligen för ?



Source: World Economic Forum